



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

infected houses would indicate. In the country round, the same care can hardly be taken, however. No vaccination law exists.

Very respectfully,

SOLON R. TOWNE,  
Medical Inspector.

NEBRASKA CITY, NEBR., January 7, 1899.

SIR: Upon the smallpox situation I have to report during the last twenty-four hours 3 cases in infected houses, 2 new families a single case, with suspicious third family. People coming into city from infected families in country without disinfection proper of person or clothing.

Schools will open January 16 unless something severe occurs next week.

County commissioners are serving notice on infected families to remain on premises, to send errands to town, not to approach another person nearer than 20 feet, all until proper disinfection. How to vaccinate school children and others, I do not know. I tell the school board they can exclude from school all not immune, yet they still hesitate.

Very respectfully,

S. R. TOWNE, M. D.,  
Inspector State Board.

*Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, December 31, 1898, to January 13, 1899.*

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alabama:				
Catherina.....	Jan. 6.....	.....	.....	Smallpox reported.
Collerine.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Mobile.....	Jan. 2-Jan. 4.....	1.....	.....	
Southside.....	Jan. 6.....	96.....	.....	
Colorado:				
Pueblo.....	Dec. 17-Dec. 31.....	16.....	4.....	
Illinois:				
Bethel.....	Jan. 7.....	2.....	.....	
Media.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Michigan:				
Detroit.....	Jan. 1.....	4.....	.....	
Minnesota:				
Minneapolis.....	Dec. 8.....	1.....	.....	
Nebraska:				
Nebraska City.....	Sept. 1-Jan. 7.....	220.....	2.....	
Omaha.....	Jan. 1-Jan. 7.....	1.....	.....	
Peru.....	Jan. 2.....	5.....	.....	
Tecumseh.....	.....do.....	9.....	.....	
New Jersey:				
Jersey City.....	Dec. 5-Jan. 1.....	2.....	.....	
Oklahoma:				
Chandler.....	Dec. 30.....	1.....	.....	
Doggett.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Parkland.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Sac and Fox Agency.....	.....do.....	2.....	.....	
Stroud.....	.....do.....	.....	3.....	
Pennsylvania:				
Ball Hill.....	Dec. 31.....	1.....	.....	Do.
Charlesville.....	.....do.....	.....	.....	
East Vincent Township.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Everett.....	.....do.....	3.....	.....	
Homer City.....	.....do.....	2.....	.....	
Hopewell.....	.....do.....	3.....	.....	
Hustontown.....	.....do.....	4.....	.....	
New Granada.....	.....do.....	7.....	.....	
Pittsburg.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Steeltown.....	.....do.....	11.....	.....	
Waterfall.....	.....do.....	1.....	.....	
Virginia:				
Alexandria.....	Jan. 4.....	3.....	.....	
Newport News.....	Dec. 31.....	4.....	.....	
Norfolk.....	.....do.....	10.....	.....	
Wyoming:				
Rock Springs.....	Dec. 24.....	1.....	.....	